Ligands in Phenix

Generating & modifying for all scenarios

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User's Meeting Duke, September 2024

What are restraints?

- Restraints are harmonic functions that provide (mostly) chemical information via residuals & gradients
- Needed because experimental data is rarely sufficient for structure determination
- Weighted with the experimental information to find the optimal result

Resolution dependence

- Ultra-hi res Not needed
- Hi res Can have large deviations because the experimental data dominates
- Lo res Generally approaches the ideal values
 - If not, large scale problems

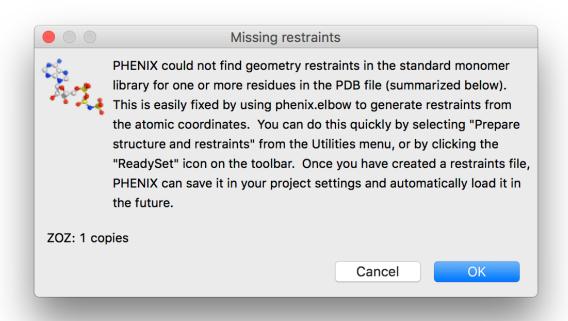
Restraints in Action

- Libraries
 - Monomer Library
 - GeoStd
- Algorithms
 - Polymer
 - Links

GeoStd

- All standard amino acids
- Current list of non-standard amino acids
- All standard RNA/DNA
- Current list of non-standard RNA/DNA
- Others 34k Mogul validated restraints using PBEh-3c/CPCM and higher QM

What you will see



Or

Sorry: Fatal problems interpreting model file:

Number of atoms with unknown nonbonded energy type symbols: 21 Please edit the model file to resolve the problems and/or supply a CIF file with matching restraint definitions, along with apply_cif_modification and apply_cif_link parameter definitions if necessary.

CIF

- Crystallographic Information File
- mmCIF macro-molecular CIF
- Used for
 - Model
 - Data
 - Maps
 - Ligands
 - Information
 - Restraints

Confusion

- All depositions of X-ray model use mmCIF from 1 July 2019
- "I need a CIF file."
 - But what do you really need?

Restraints?

- Provide a reasonable geometry during refinement particularly at low resolution
 - Bonds, angles, dihedrals, chirals, planes, ...
- Must be weighted against the experimental information





Overview

- eLBOW electronic Ligand Builder & Optimisation Workbench
- ReadySet! One-stop preparation for your refinement needs
- REEL Restraints Editor Essentially Ligands





eLBOW goals

- Fast, simple and flexible procedure to include ligands
- Reduce the tedium of building 3D ligand models
- Automate generation of restraints for ligands
- Comparison of ligand structures





N. W. Moriarty, R. W. Grosse-Kunstleve, P. D. Adams, (2009). Acta Cryst. D 65, 1074-1080.



Ligand Expo / Chemical Component Library

- List of all the entities in the Protein Data Bank
 - Amino acids, Nucleic acids
 - Ligands, Small molecule
 - Metal clusters
- In CIF format
 - Contents chemical information
 - SMILES, atom names, bonds
 - Not restraints





Amino Acid



▼ 3D Structures ② Enter search term(s), Entry ID(s), or sequence

Include CSM 🔞



Advanced Search | Browse Annotations

Help







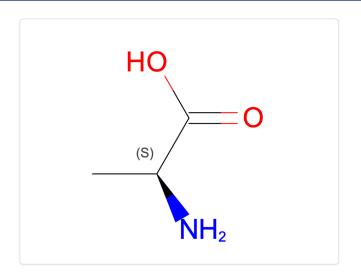


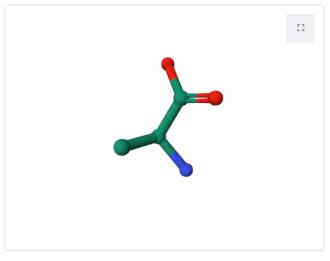






Data API





Toggle Hydrogen

Toggle Labels



ALA

☐ Display Files ▼

ALANINE

Find entries where: ALA

- ✓ is present as a standalone ligand in 172 entries
- ✓ as a non-polymer is covalently linked to polymer or other heterogen groups 58 entries

⊕ Download Files
▼

▼ is present in a polymer sequence 210,908 entries
search

Find related ligands:

Similar Ligands (Stereospecific)

Similar Ligands (including Stereoisomers)

Similar Ligands (Quick Screen)

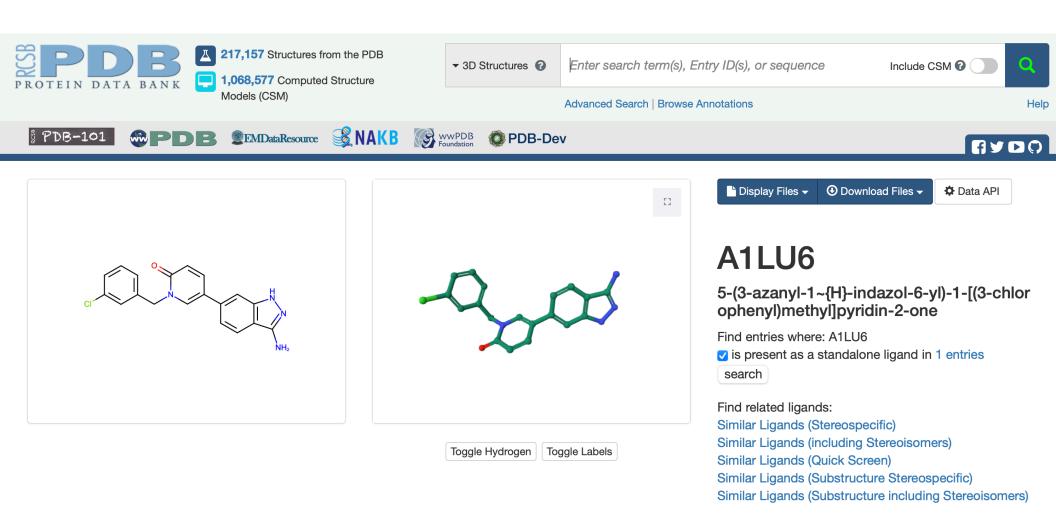
Similar Ligands (Substructure Stereospecific)

Similar Ligands (Substructure including Stereoisomers)





5-letter codes

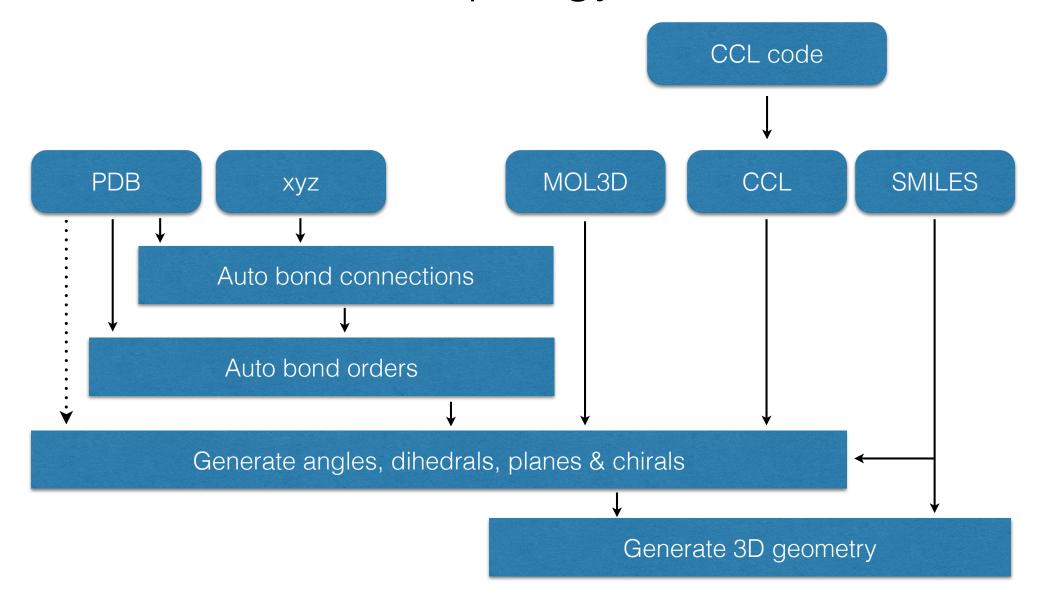


49k combinations for 3-letter codes





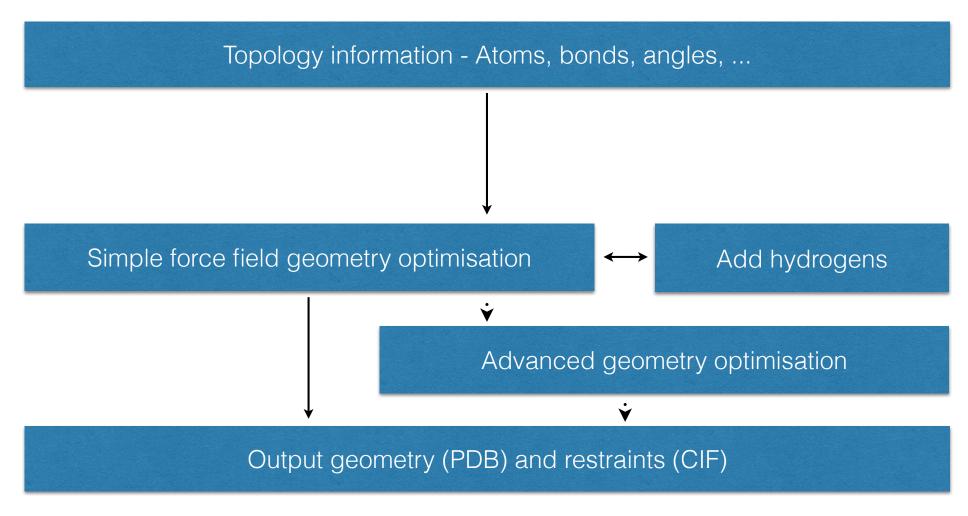
Topology







Optimisation

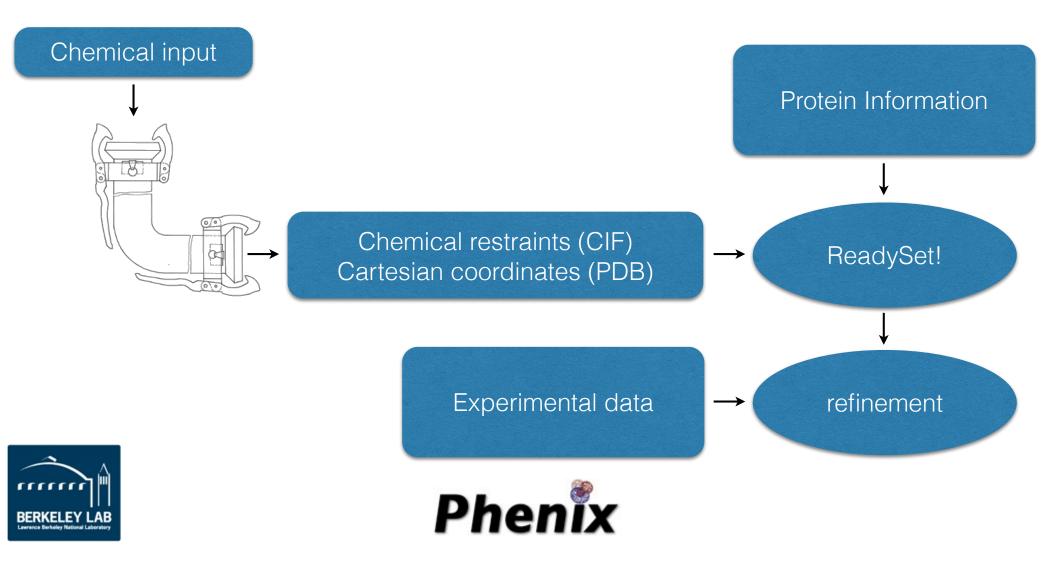






Getting ready to refine

Many details needed to prepare for structure refinement



ReadySet!

- Add hydrogens
 - Default: adds hydrogens to protein, ligands
 - Protein Reduce
 - Ligands eLBOW
 - Add hydrogens to water
 - Add deuteriums instead of hydrogens
 - Add hydrogen & deuteriums appropriately
- Generate restraints





ReadySet!

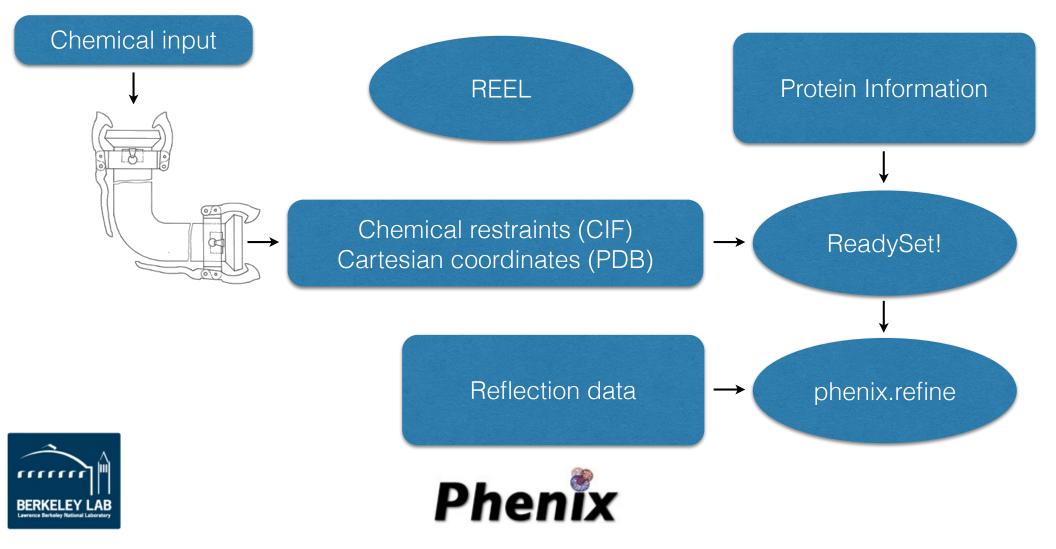
- Restraints CIF filename
- Restraints CIF directory
- LINKS to "edits"
- --dry-run to show ligand process pathway
- Metal coordination





Restraints editing

- Visualisation of primary and secondary restraints
- Adjusting restraints to user preference

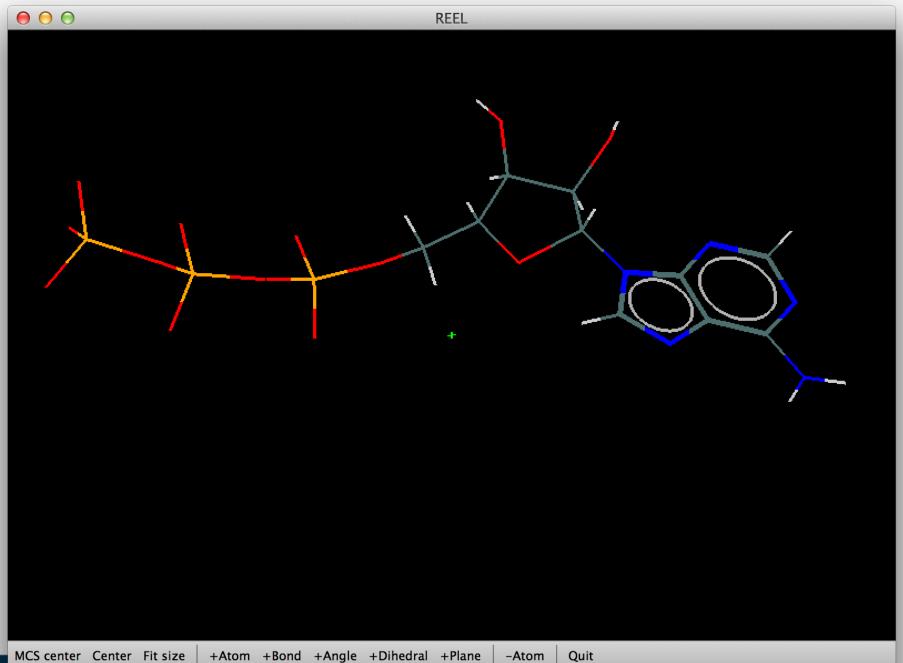


Restraints Editor, Essentially Ligands

- Generate a geometry for a set of restraints
- Modify restraints and generate new geometry
- Fast editing in menu items
- Highlight atom and restraints are highlighted
- Multiple ligands simultaneously
- Highlight restraint and atoms are highlighted
- Save restraints (CIF)
- Save geometry (PDB)
- Run eLBOW

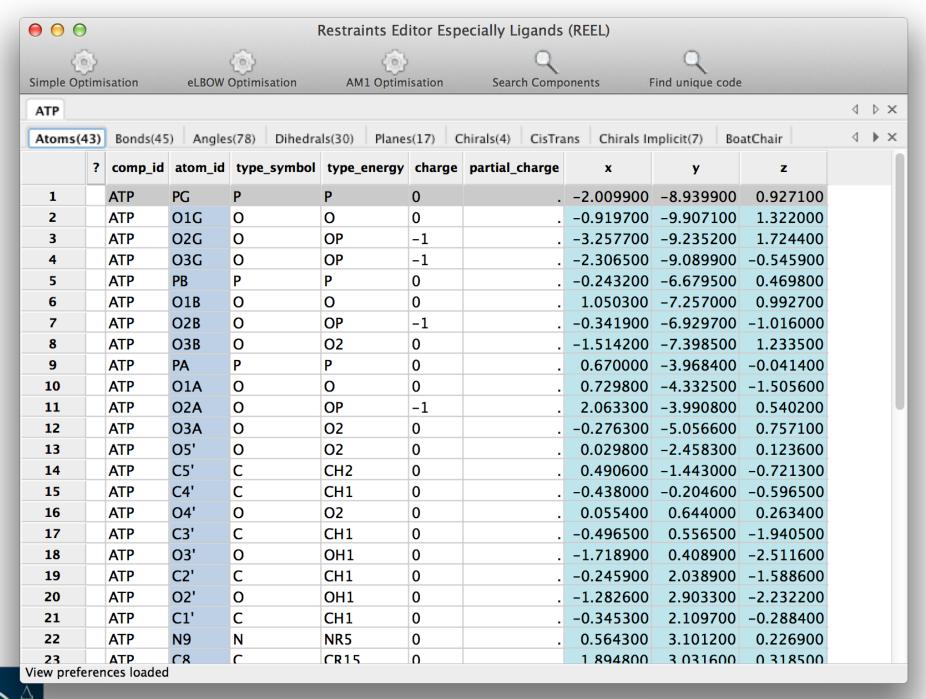




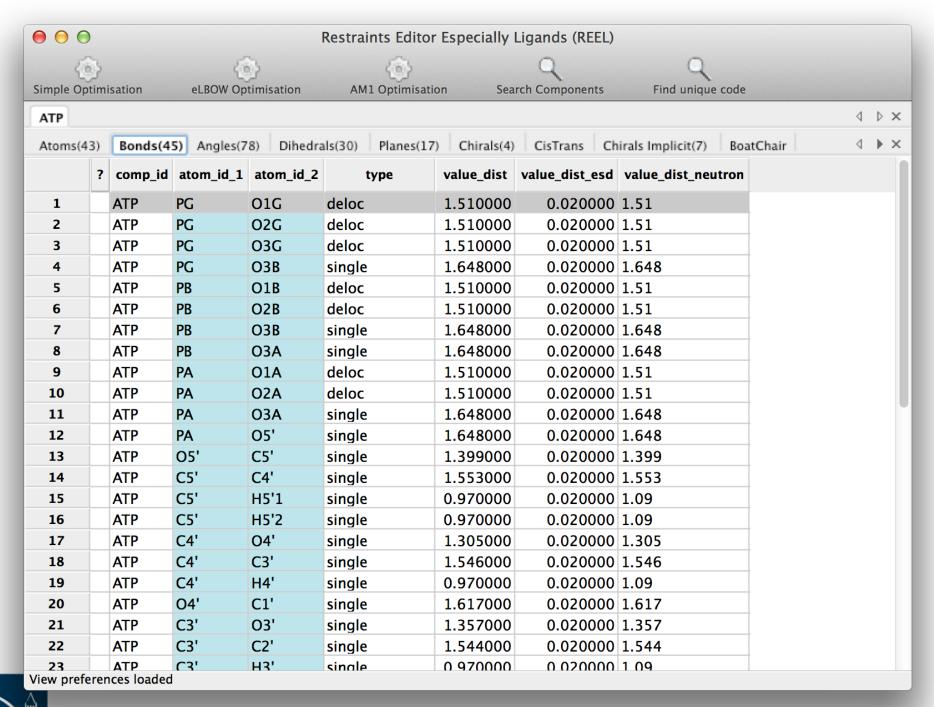














Ligand Fitting





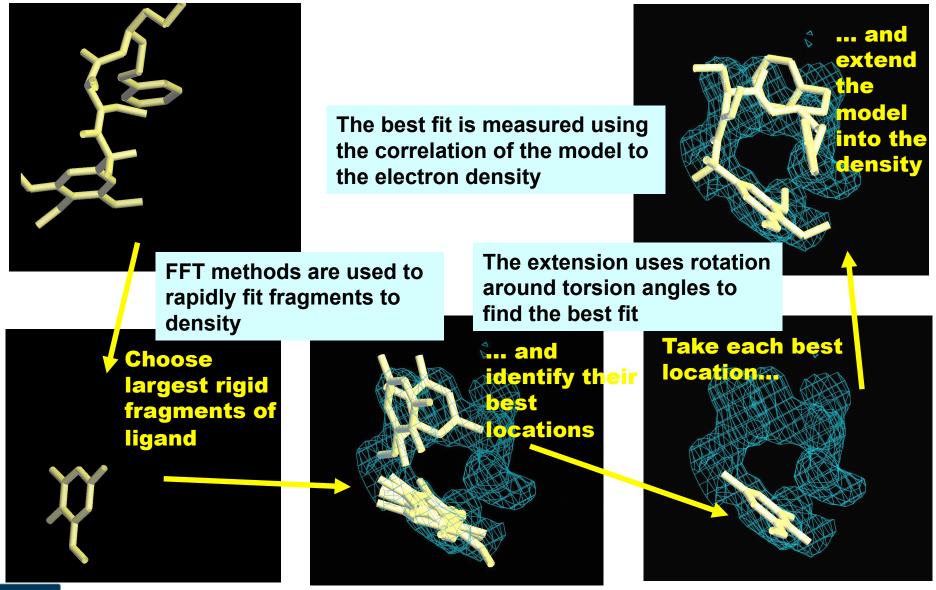
Approach

- Where is the ligand?
 - Choose the largest region of contiguous density
- What are rotatable bonds?
 - Analyze ligand for allowed rotations
- What is the orientation of the ligand?
 - Fit core of ligand
- What is the conformation of the ligand?
 - Trace the ligand out from the core





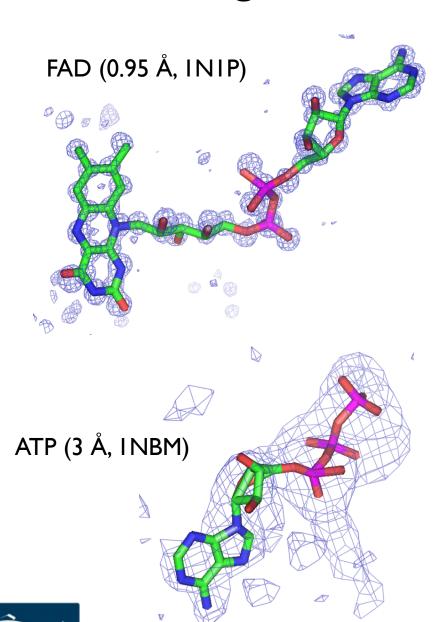
Automated Ligand Fitting

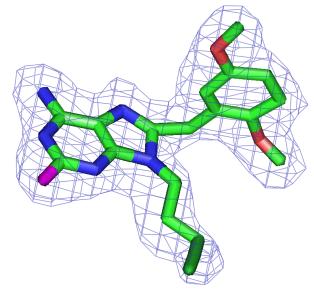




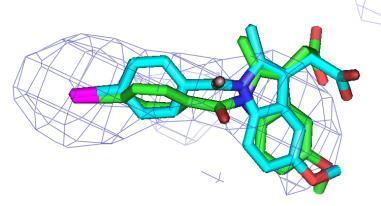


Fitting Over a Range of Resolutions





8-(2,5-DIMETHOXY-BENZYL)-2-FLUORO-9-PENT-9H-PURIN-6-YLAMINE (2.2 Å IUYI)



(I-(4-IODOBENZOYL)-5-METHOXY-2-METHYL-INDOLE-3-ACETIC ACID (4.5 Å, IPGF)



Restraints in phenix.(real_space_)refine

- LINK records have no impact
- Automatically accesses the "standard" residues restraints
- Automatically links the "standard" residues
- Parameter "link_all=True" links
 - Covalent ligands
 - Carbohydrates
 - Metal ions





phenix.(real_space_)refine (continued)

- RNA/DNA restraints
 - Base pair hydrogen bonding
 - Base pair planarity
 - Base stacking (parallelity)
- Secondary Structure restraints
- NCS restraints
- Custom bonds & angles using edits
- Restraints are written to .geo file including non bonded interactions

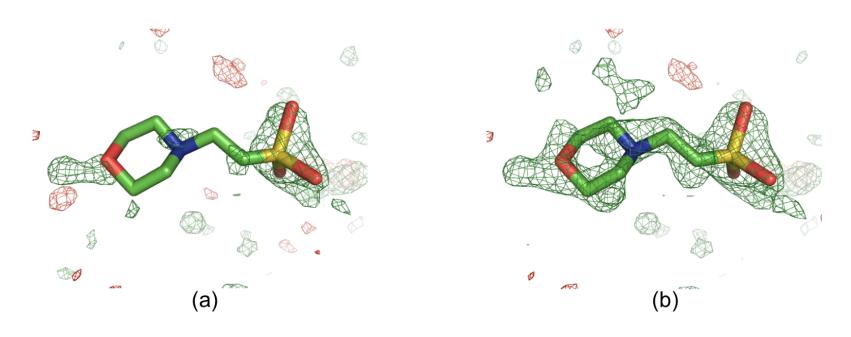


Ligands? Water?

- Be careful when inheriting a model
- Can contain ligands and water molecules
- Must be able to "see" them in the map

Ligands

Polder OMIT Maps



Solvent molecule MES88 in structure 1ABA. The positive and negative mFobs-DFmodel OMIT difference density is displayed in green and red, respectively. (a) OMIT map contoured at \pm 0. (b) Polder map contoured at \pm 0. In the OMIT map, there is only some density for the O, N and S atoms. The polder map shows difference electron density for the entire molecule

QM Restraints

- Generates restraints of ligands using Quantum Mechanics in situ
- There are two ways of using QMR
 - In phenix.refine
 - In a standalone program *mmtbx.quantum_interface*
- Python3 installers from the bottom of the download page
- For ORCA, set \$PHENIX_ORCA

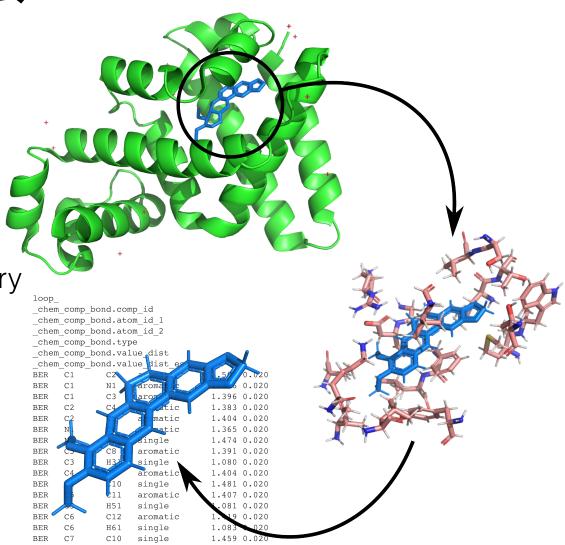
QMR

In situ restraints generation

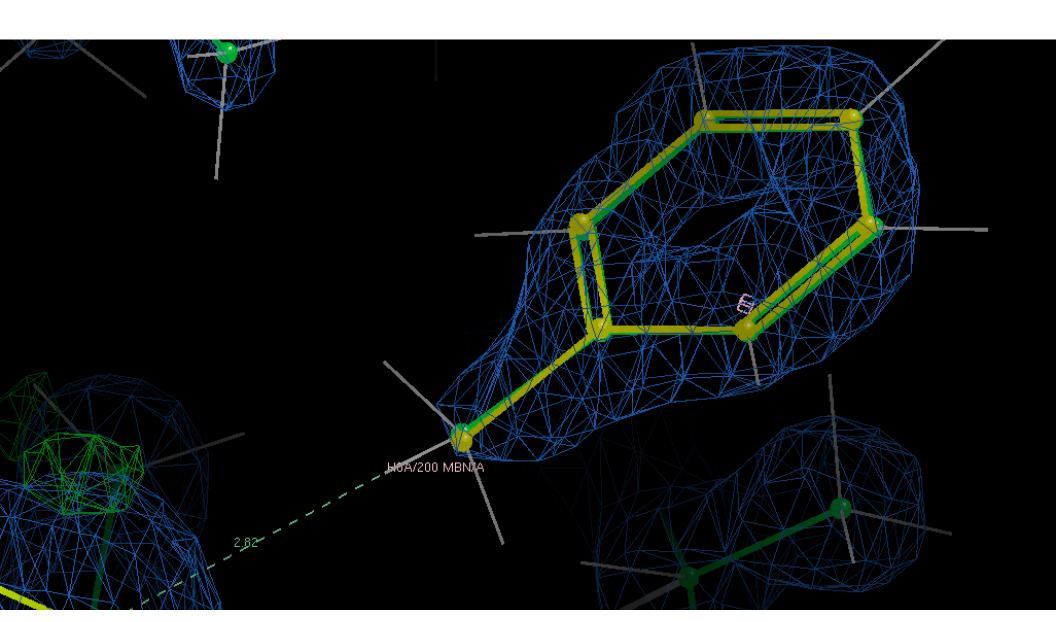
 Carve out the ligand environment

 Minimise the ligand geometry in situ

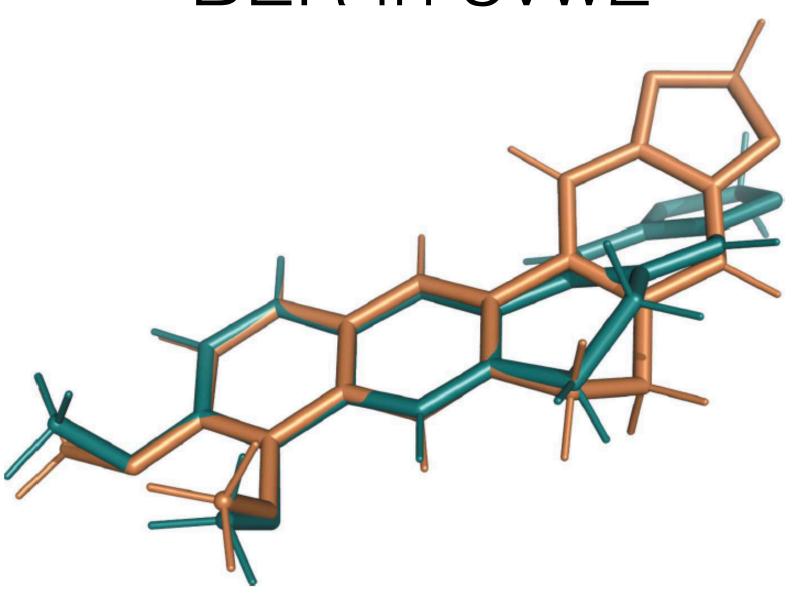
- Transfer geometry values to restraints (and write to disk)
- Refinement with modified restraints



In situ

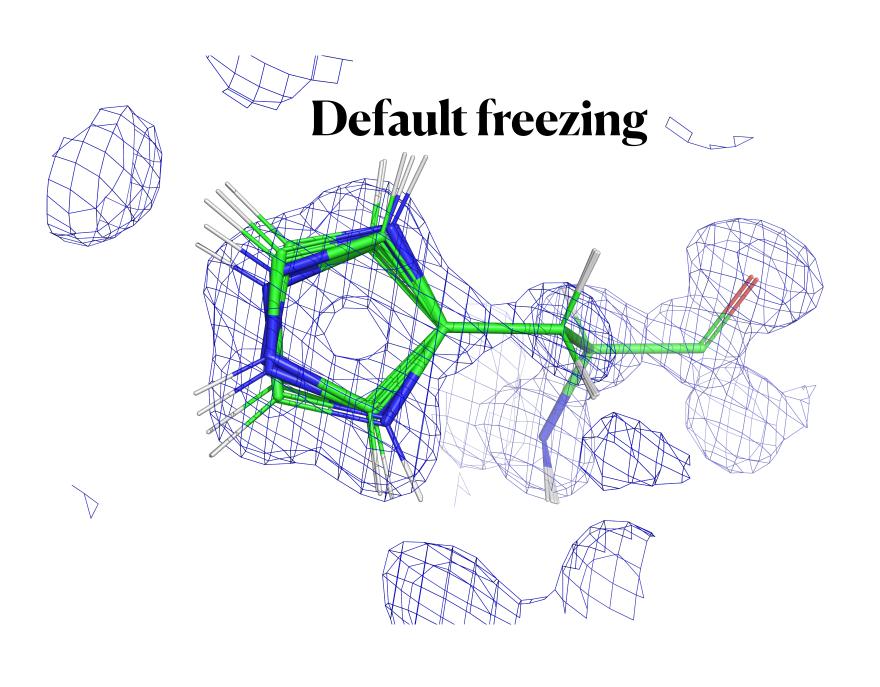


BER in 3vw2



QM Flipping

- Generate the three pronation states of HIS
- Flip chi-2 180 for total of six configurations
- Perform a QM geometry minimisation of the side-chain while freezing the heavy atoms (non-H) for rest of model
- Compare metrics
 - Energy
 - H-bonds
 - RMSD

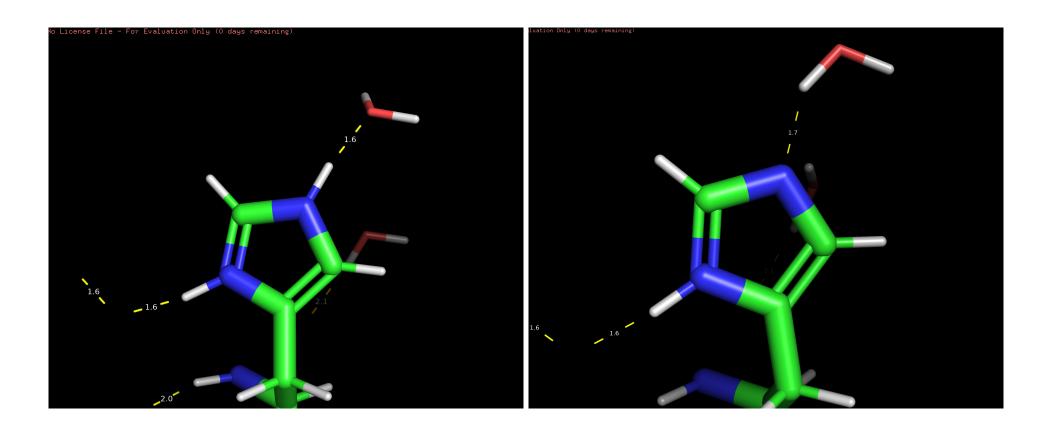


Metrics

	Configuratio	Energy (kcal/	ΔΕ	H bonds	r.m.s.d.	Rotamer
0	HD1, HE2					m90
1	HD1, HE2	-1019.6	2.6	14	0.04	m90
2	HD1 only	-1022.2	0.0	14	0.04	m90
3	HE2 only	-1003.0	19.3	13	0.05	m90
4	HD1, HE2	-1004.0	18.3	12	0.29	m-70
5	HD1 only	-1004.4	17.9	12	0.38	m-70
6	HE2 only	-1009.4	12.9	11	0.32	m-70

The QMF results for the histidine resseq 4 in chain A of PDB 4rj2

Minimised geometry of two histidine configurations of histidine in chain A and resid 4 of PDB 4rj2.



Summary

- eLBOW & ReadySet! perform better when provided with better input. (GIGO)
- Need to know something about the ligand
 - Hierarchy of input file value
- Check your .geo file for confirmation of restraints



