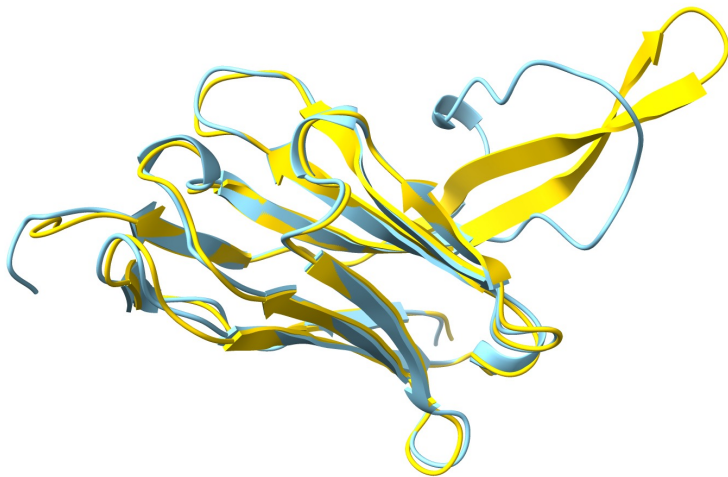


# Using AlphaFold predictions for structure determination

*Phenix Workshop*  
Sept. 12, 2024 Berkeley, CA

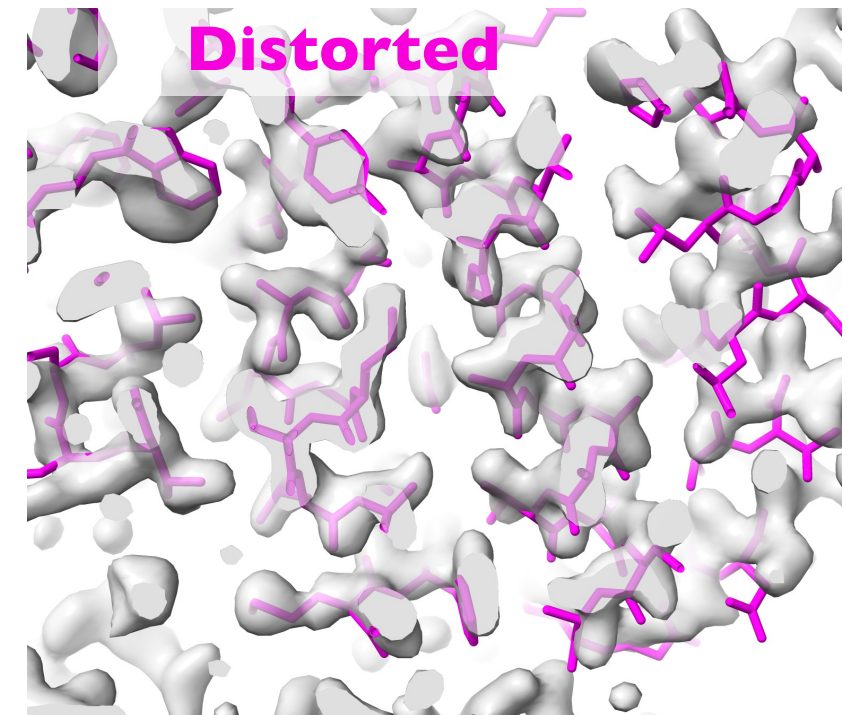
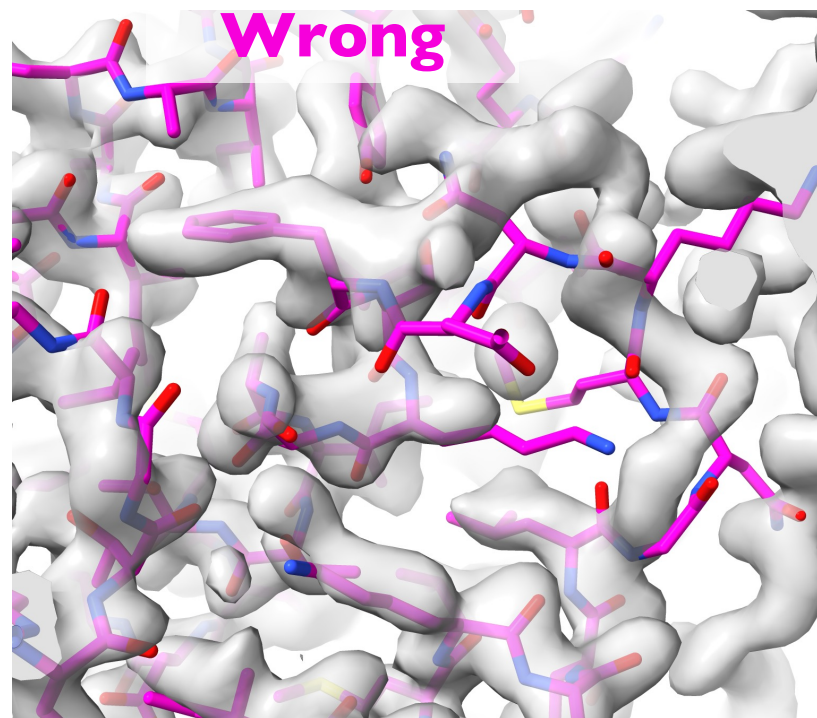
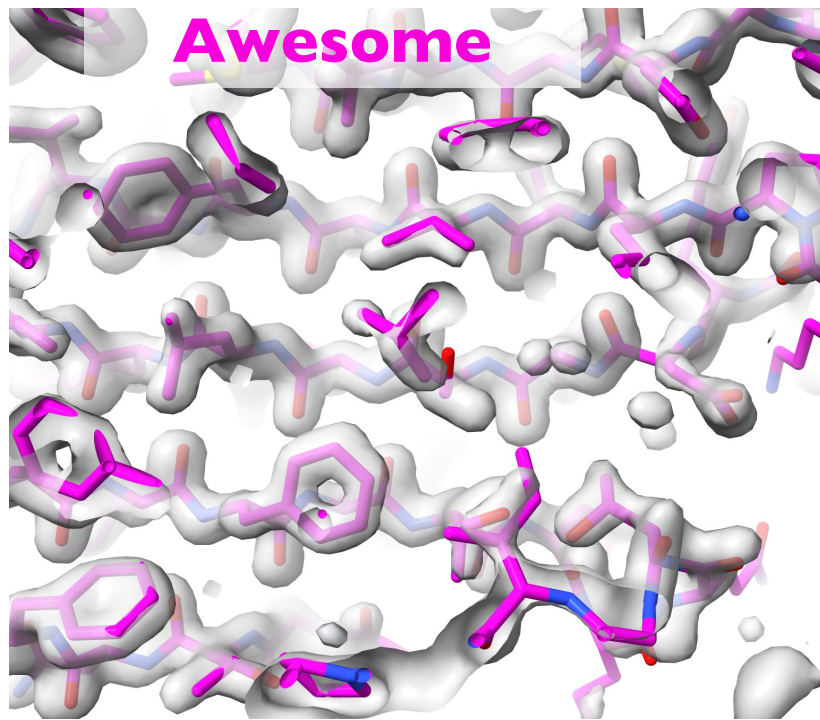
Tom Terwilliger

The New Mexico Consortium  
Los Alamos National Laboratory



# *AlphaFold predictions are great hypotheses*

*AlphaFold models  
can be....*

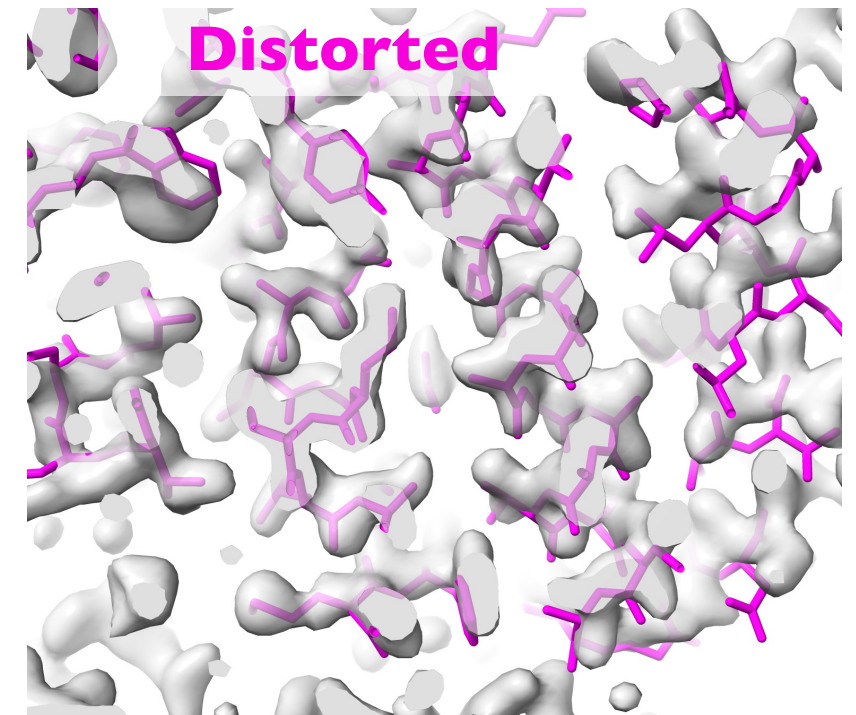
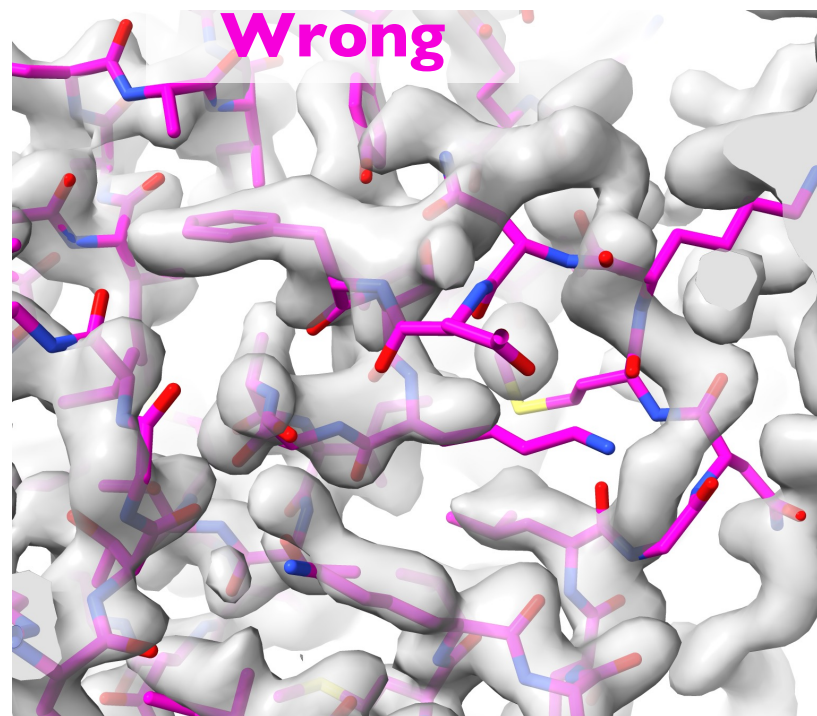
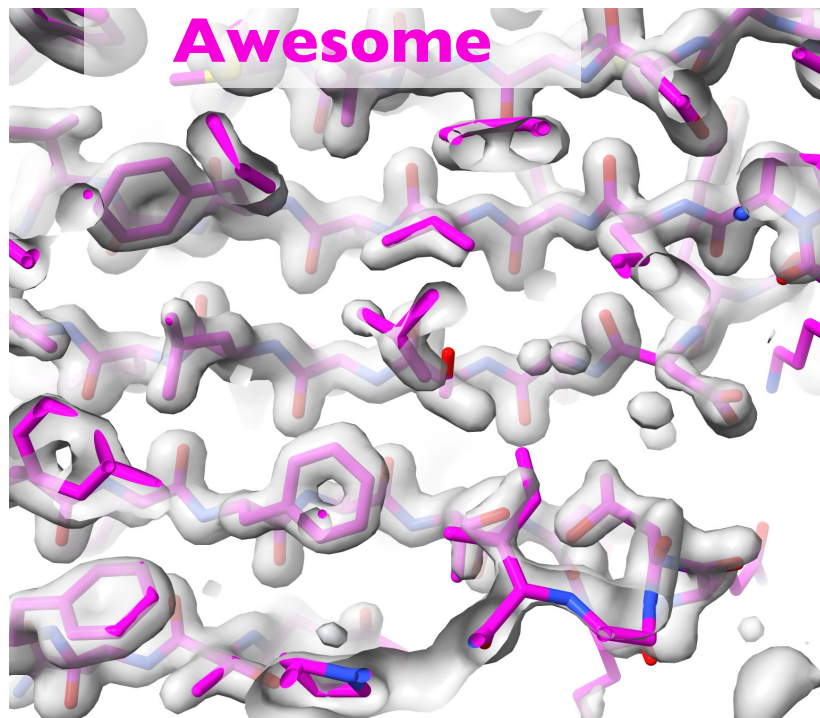




# AlphaFold predictions and confidence estimates

*Residue-specific confidence (pLDDT) identifies where errors are more likely*

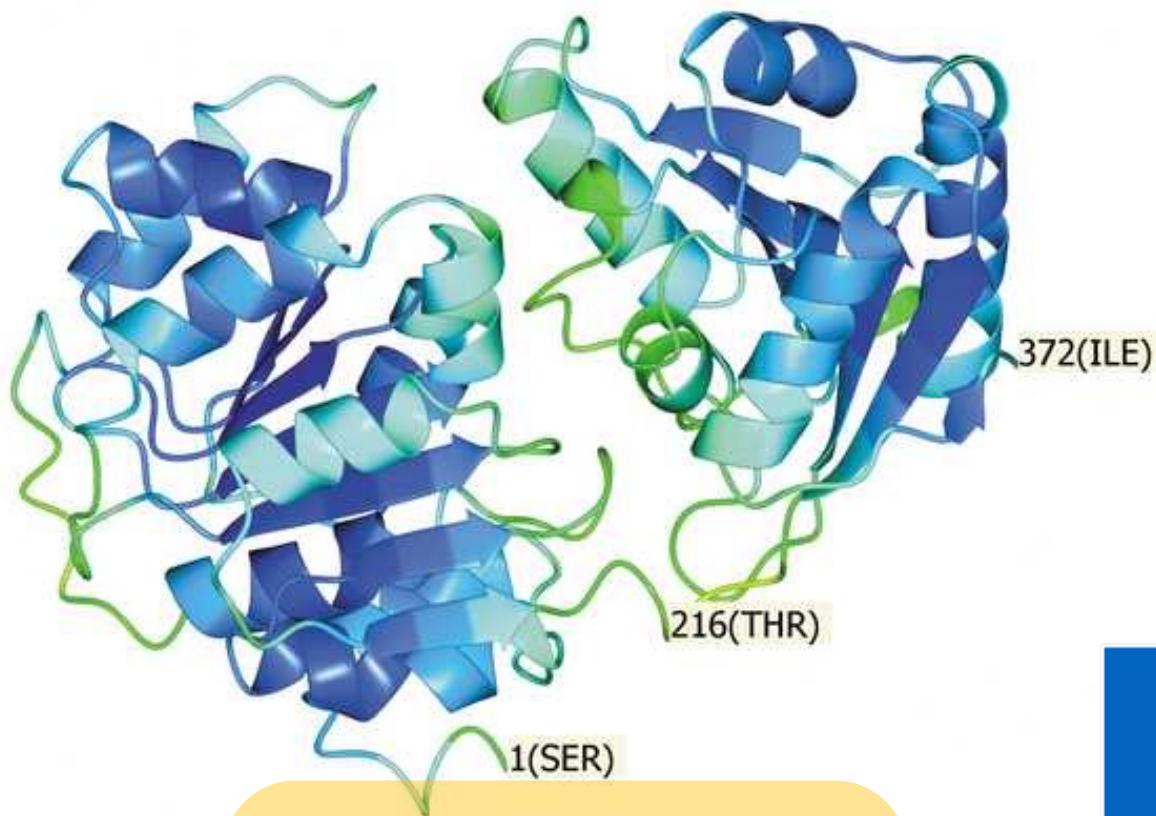
AlphaFold confidence (pLDDT)	Median prediction error (Å)	Percentage with error over 2 Å
>90	0.6	10
80 - 90	1.1	22
70 - 80	1.5	33
<70	3.5	77



Terwilliger et al. (2024), AlphaFold predictions are valuable hypotheses, and accelerate but do not replace experimental structure determination. *Nature Methods* 21, 110-116.

# AlphaFold confidence measure

(pLDDT, Predicted difference distance test)



Confidence:

Blue: > 90

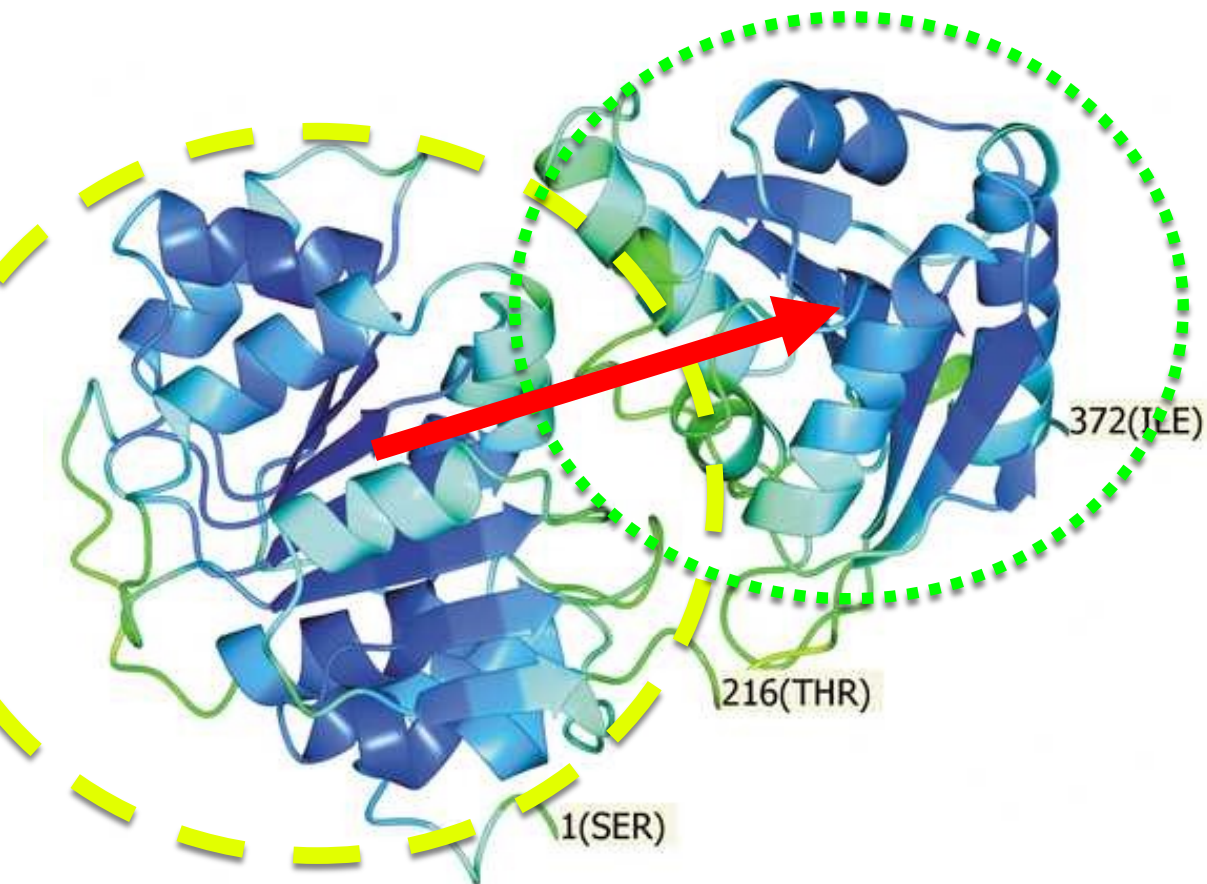
Green: 80 - 90

AlphaFold prediction for  
RNA helicase  
(PDB entry 6i5i)

AlphaFold confidence (pLDDT)	Median prediction error (Å)	Percentage with error over 2 Å
>90	0.6	10
80 - 90	1.1	22
70 - 80	1.5	33
<70	3.5	77



# *PAE matrix (Predicted aligned error)*



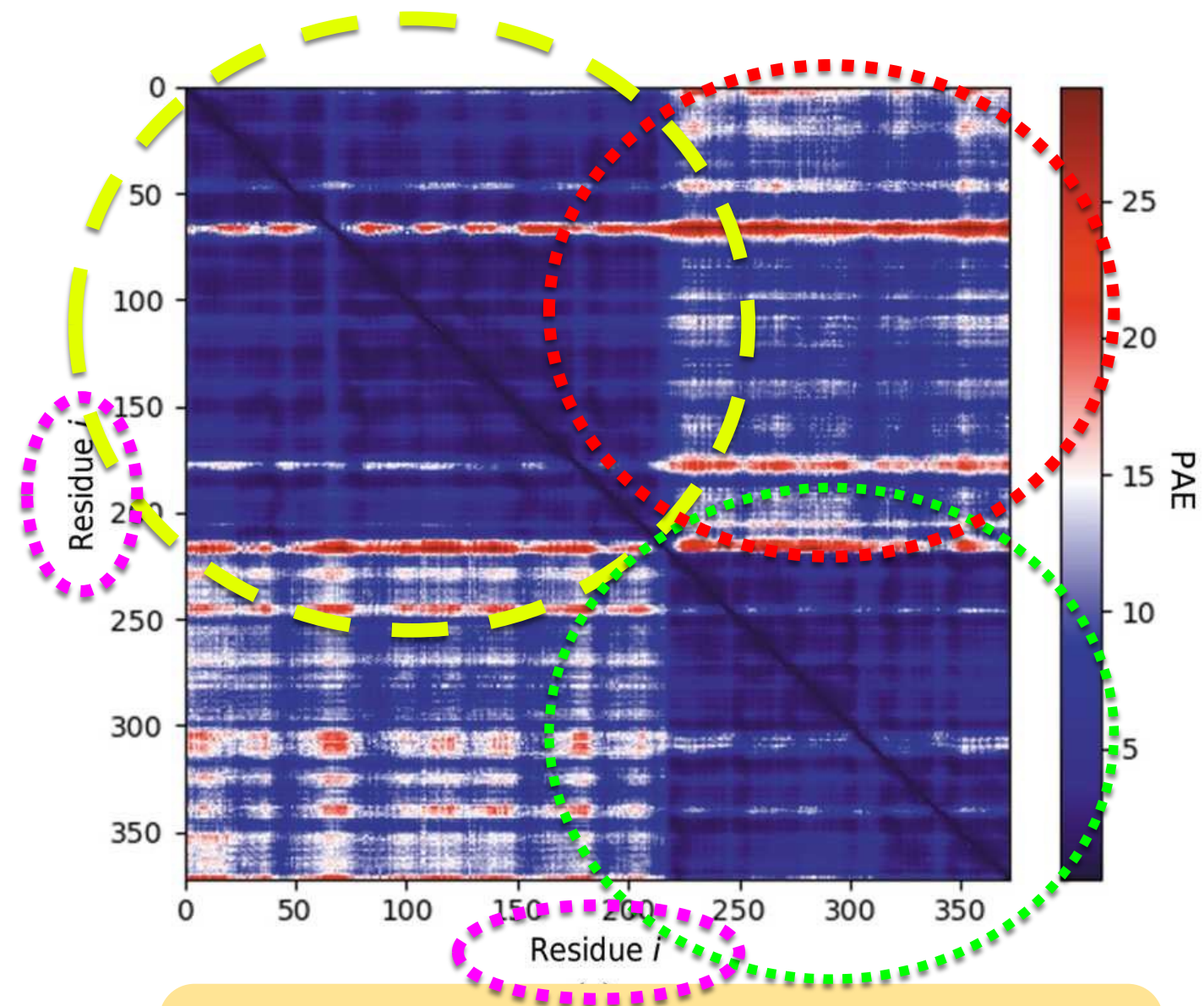
*Confidence:*

**Blue: > 90**

**Green: 80 - 90**

*AlphaFold prediction for  
RNA helicase  
(PDB entry 6i5i)*

*PAE matrix identifies  
accurately-predicted domains*



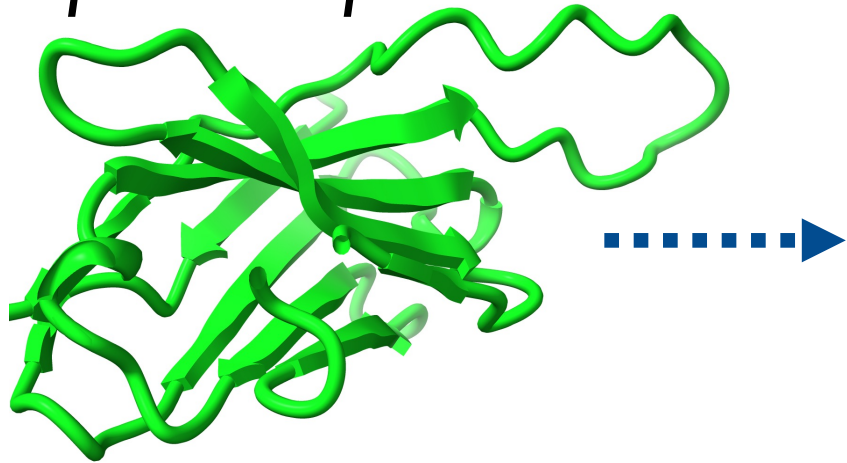
*Dark blue: uncertainty in  
relative positions < 5 Å*

# Using your best model as a template in AlphaFold prediction

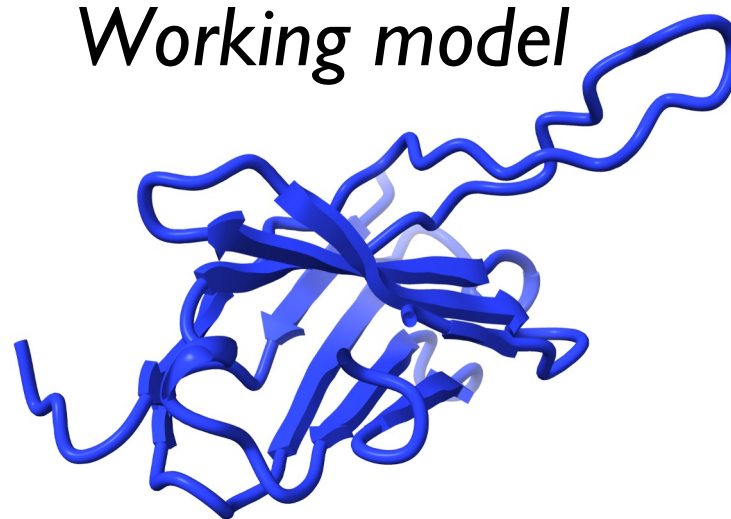
Why?

Because your new prediction might be better than your model ...and better than your original AlphaFold prediction

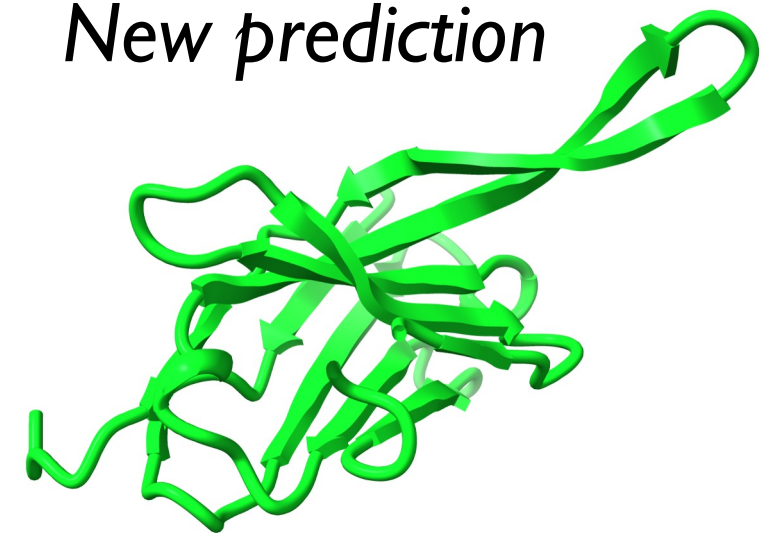
*AlphaFold prediction*



*Working model*

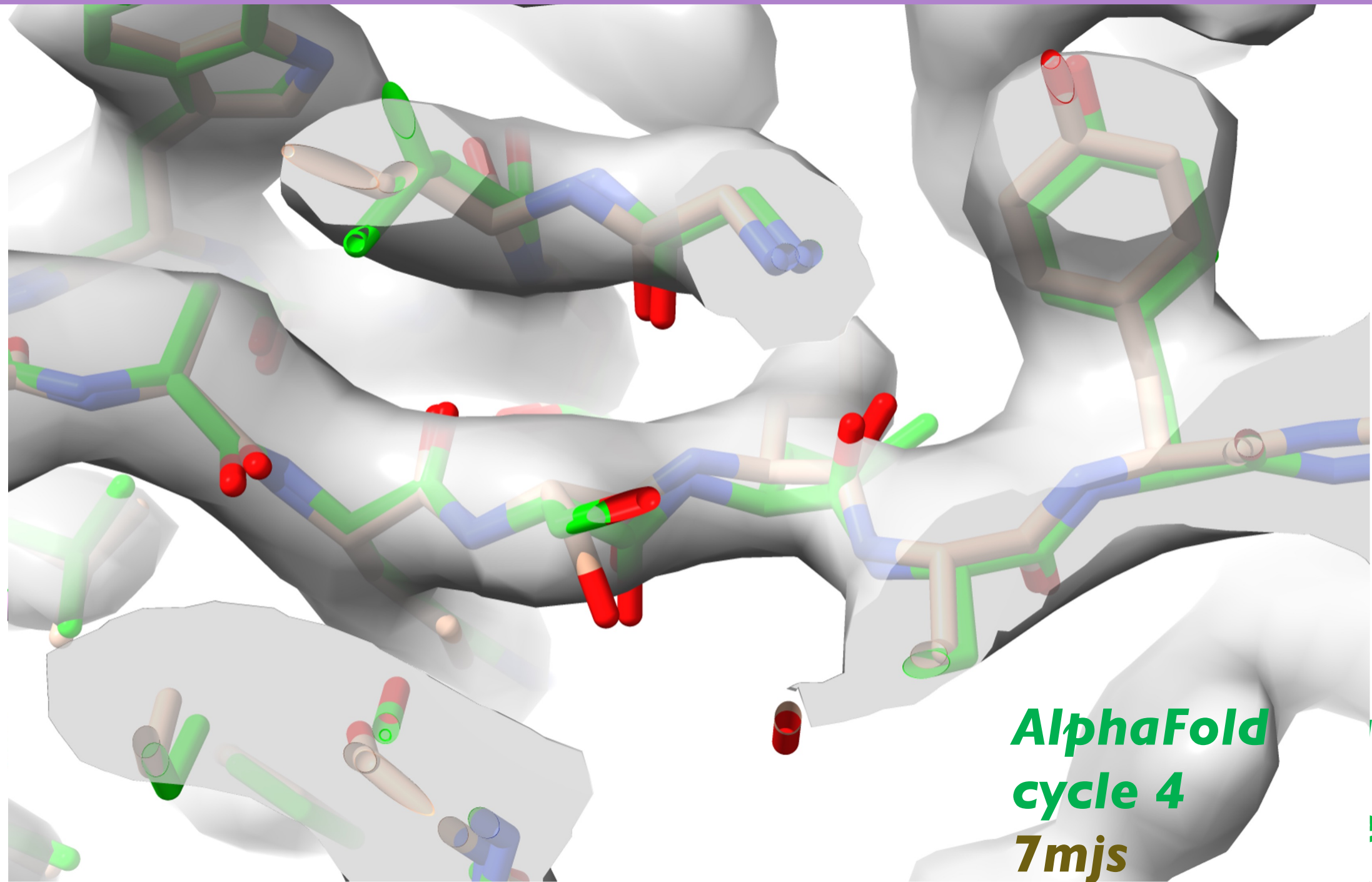


*New prediction*

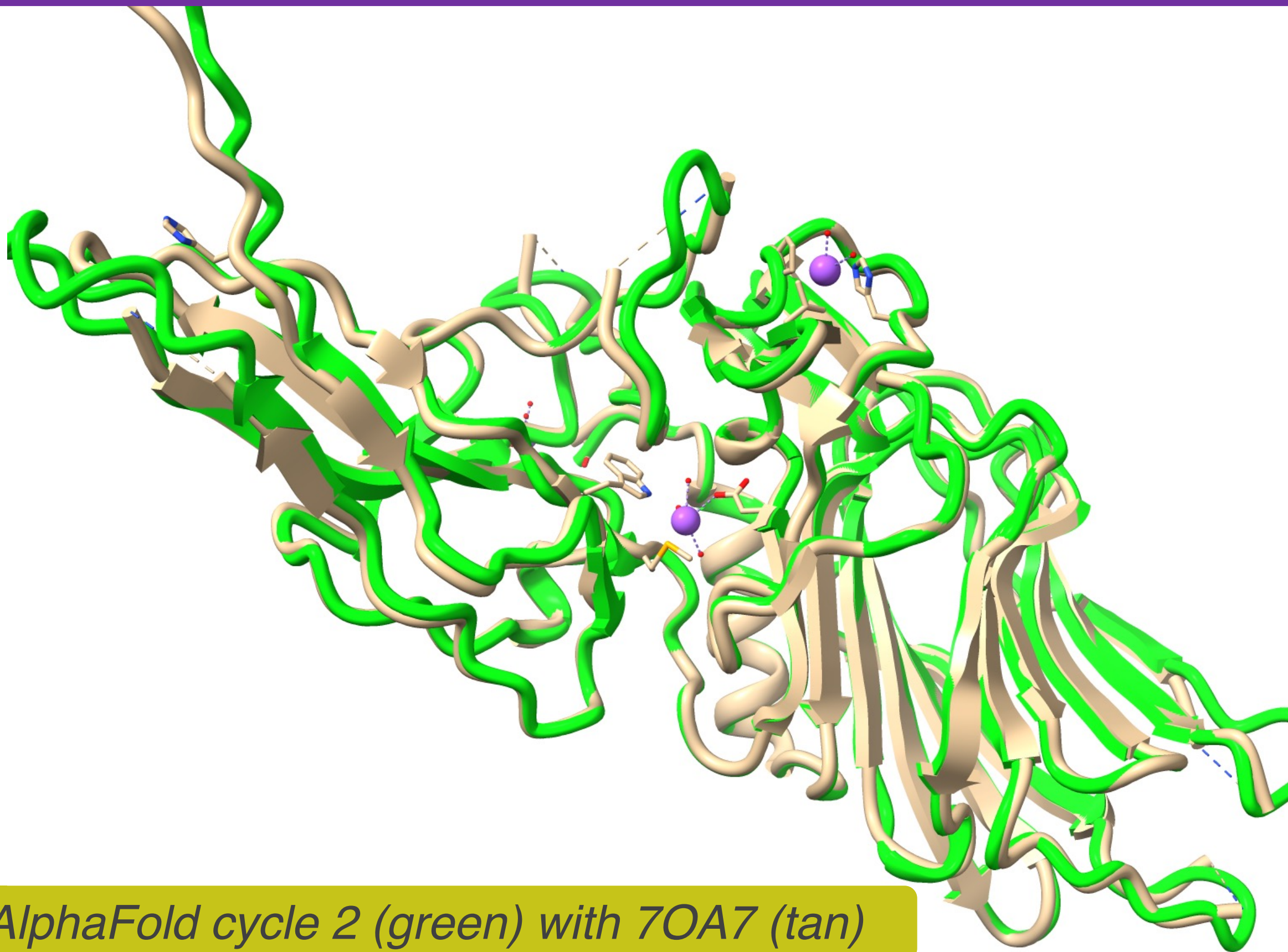




# Improving AlphaFold prediction using partial models as templates (Cryo-EM)



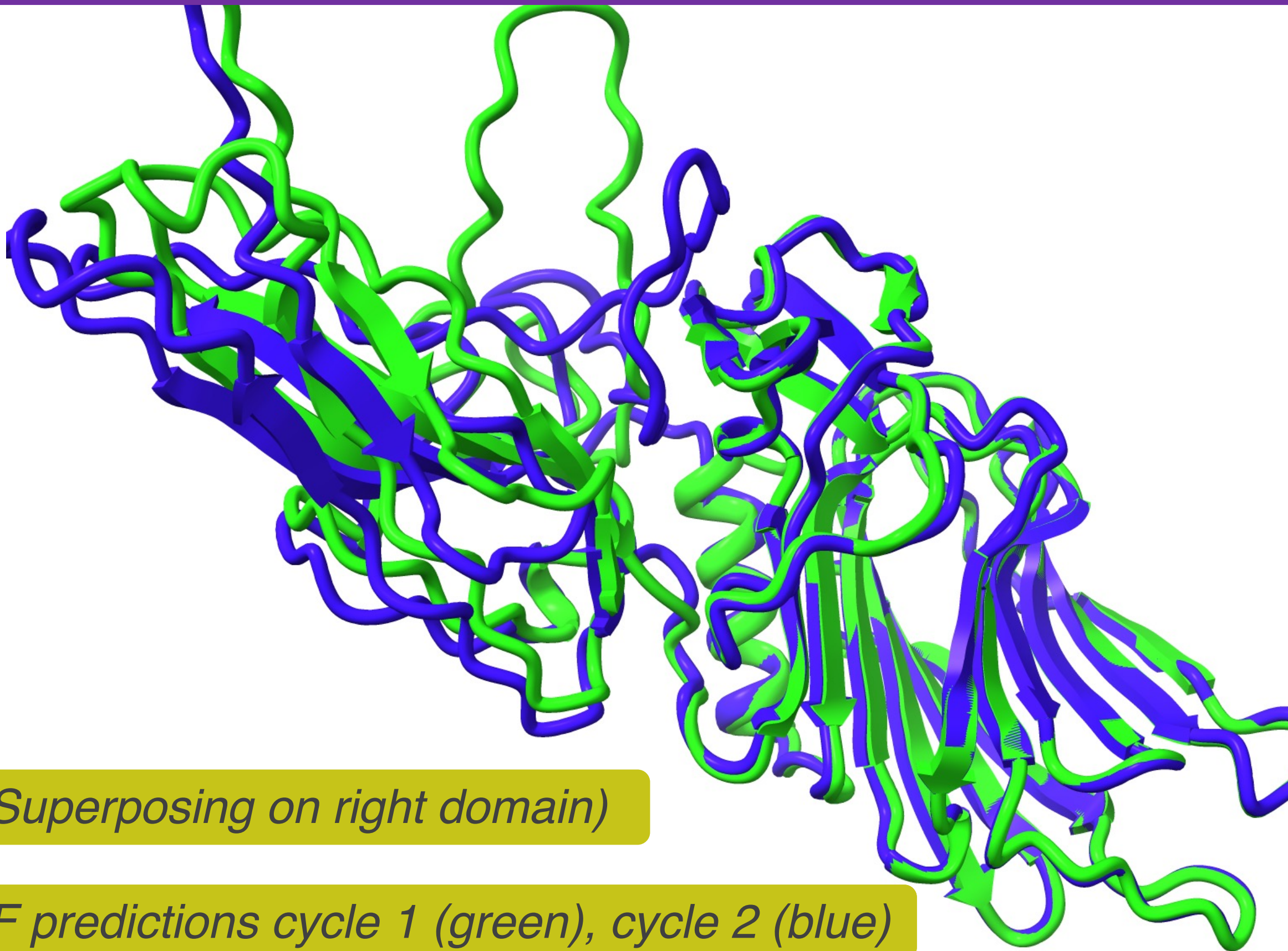
*Improving AlphaFold prediction using partial models as templates  
(X-ray crystallography)*



*AlphaFold cycle 2 (green) with 70A7 (tan)*



# *Improving AlphaFold prediction using partial models as templates* *(X-ray crystallography)*

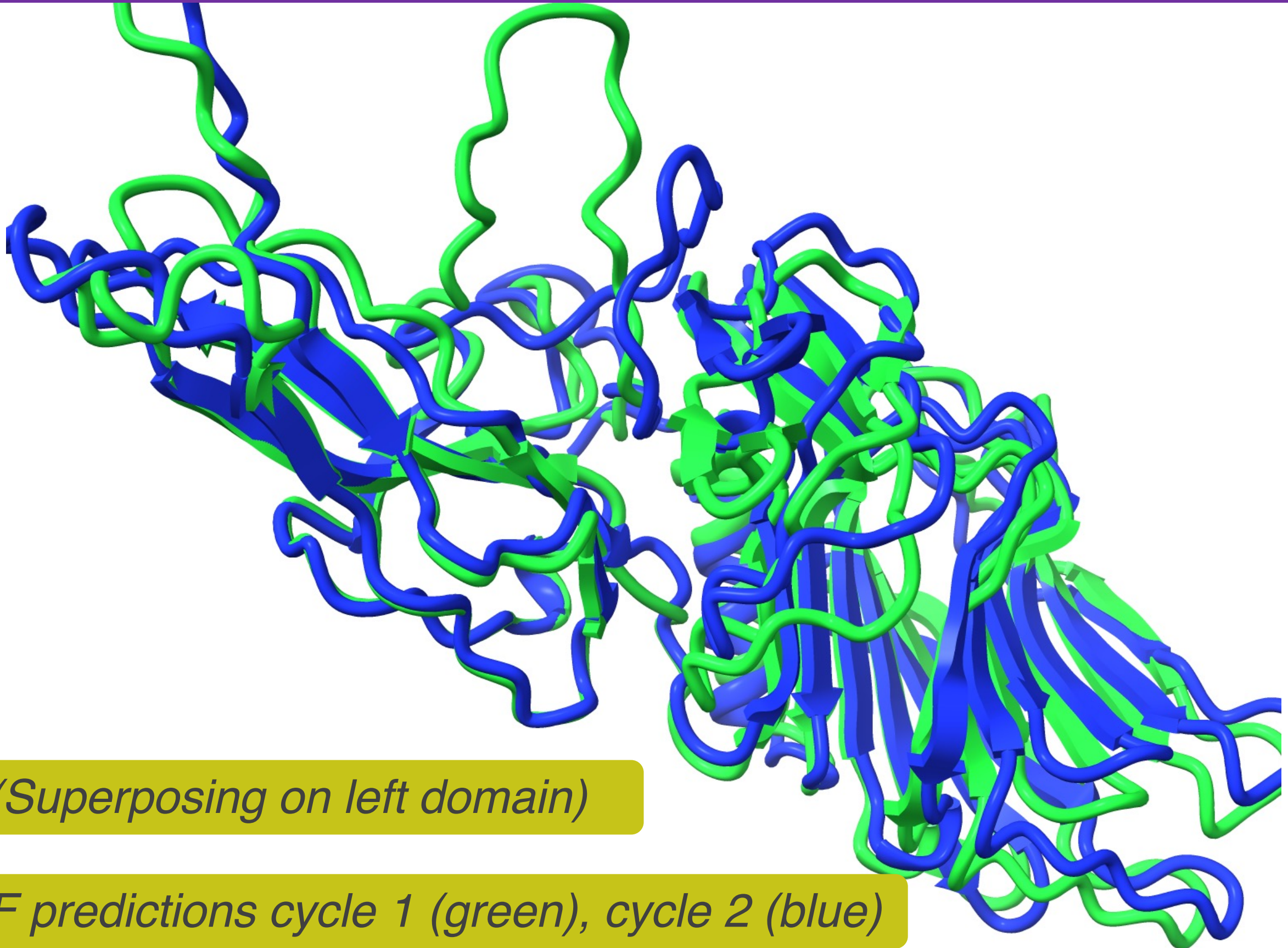


*(Superposing on right domain)*

*AF predictions cycle 1 (green), cycle 2 (blue)*



# *Improving AlphaFold prediction using partial models as templates* *(X-ray crystallography)*



*(Superposing on left domain)*

*AF predictions cycle 1 (green), cycle 2 (blue)*



# Strategy for structure determination in the AlphaFold era

## 1. Predict your structure

Design your experiment based on predicted models  
(choose experimental approach, consider trimming at domain boundaries)

## 2. Solve your structure

Cryo-EM or X-ray MR with trimmed predicted model, SAD

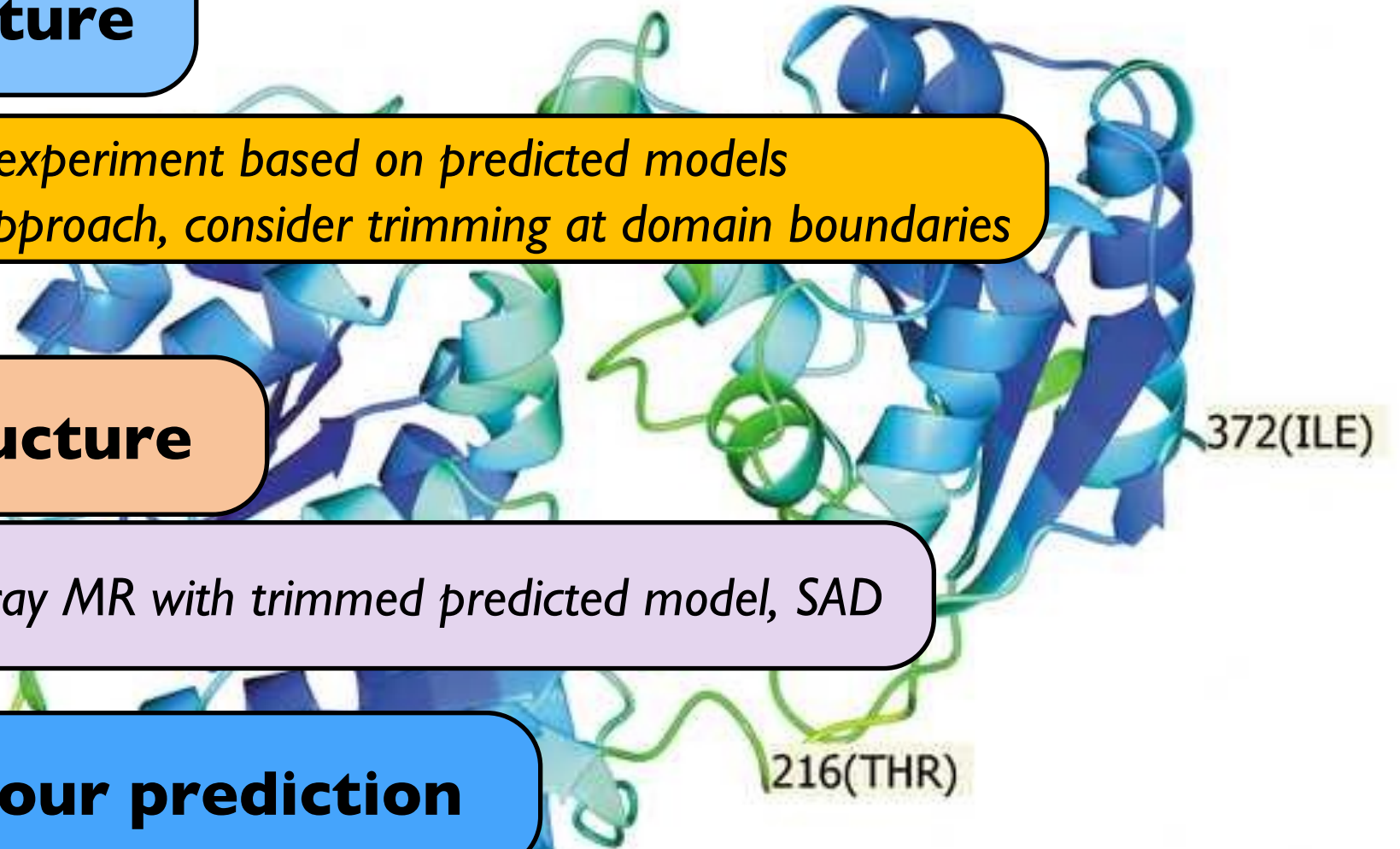
## 3. Update your prediction

Run AlphaFold with your best model as a template

## 4. Improve your structure

Use your new predictions as hypotheses

Iterate



# *Phenix AlphaFold prediction server*

*Available from the Phenix GUI*

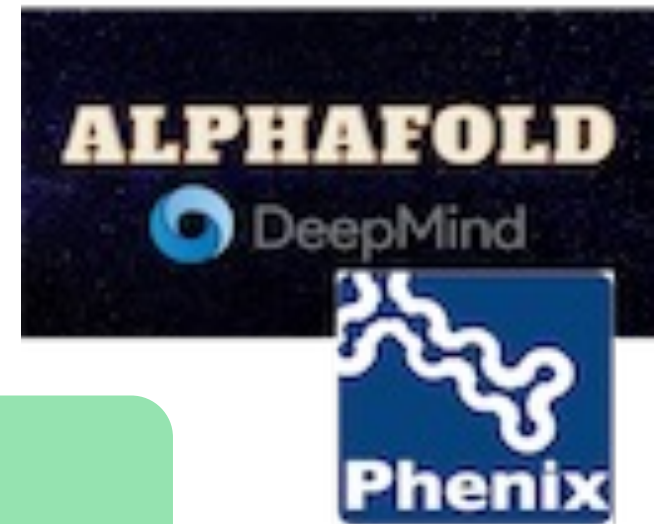
*Predicts structures of protein chains  
(one at a time)*

*Can use a template to guide the prediction*

*You do not need an MSA (multiple sequence alignment) if you supply a template*

*The template should not be an AlphaFold model*

*Many thanks for AlphaFold, ColabFold scripts, and the MMseqs2 server for MSAs*





# Process predicted model

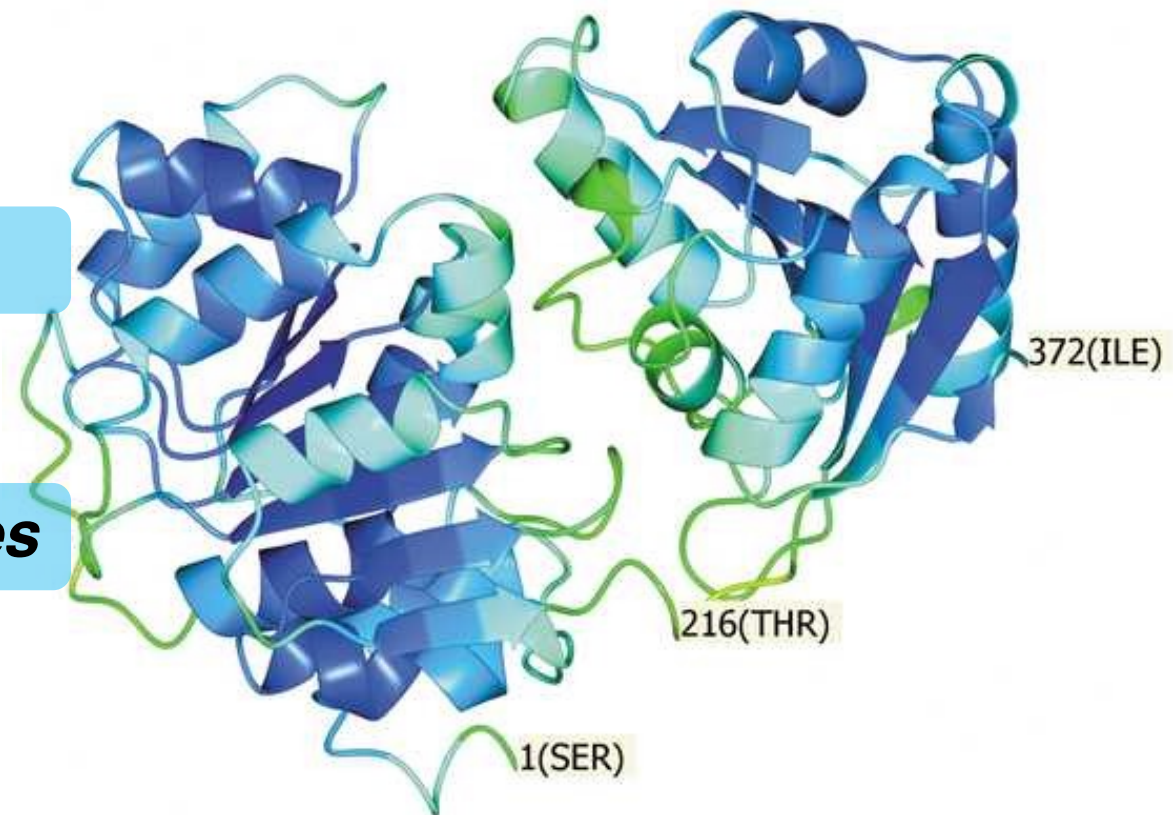
*Convert pLDDT to B-value*

*Trim low-confidence parts of model*

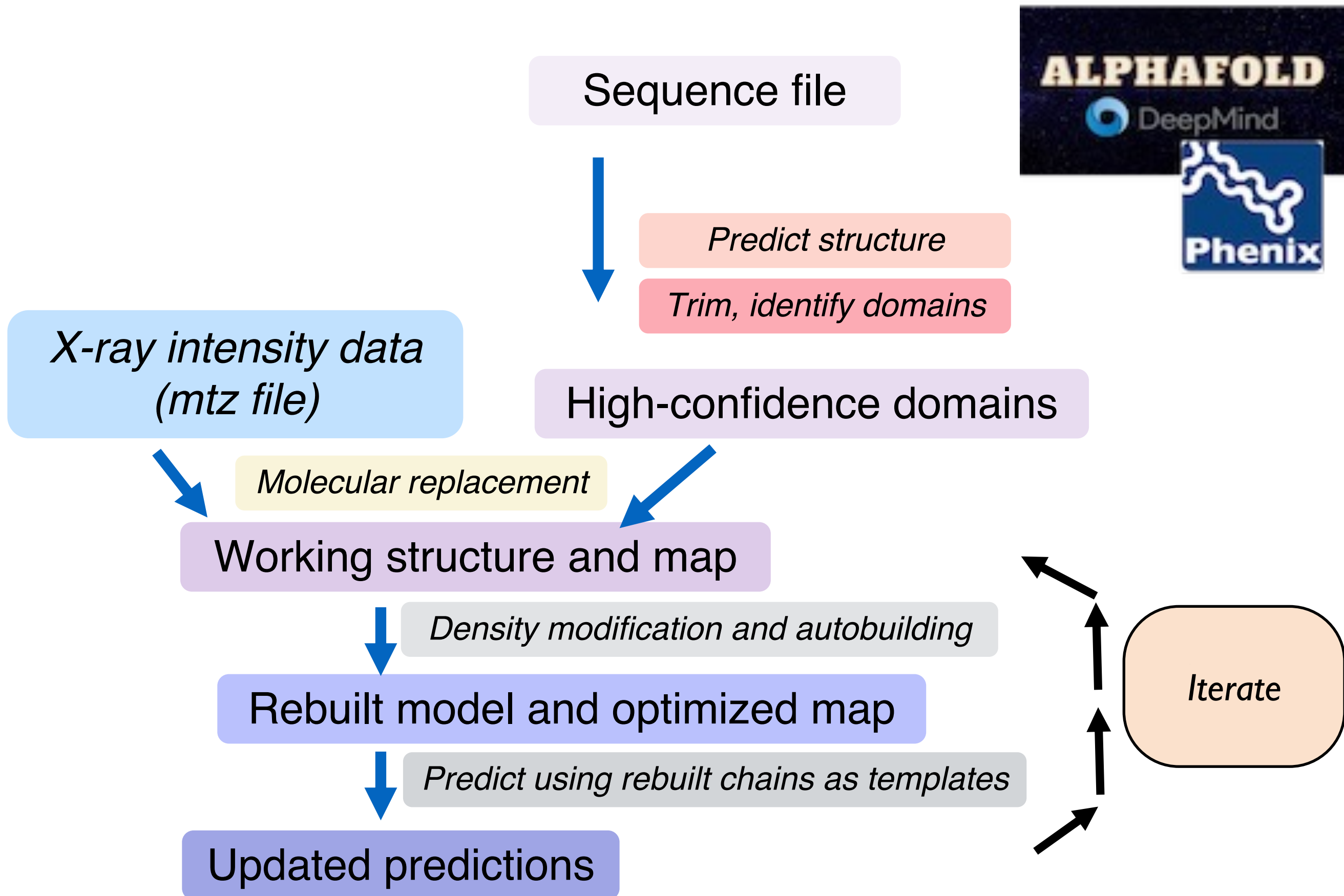
*Identify high-confidence domains*

*Compact high-confidence regions*

*Groupings of residues with low PAE values*



# *X-ray structure determination with AlphaFold*





# *Input and output from structure determination with AlphaFold*

*Input*

*Experimental data (maps or X-ray data)*

*Contents of asymmetric unit (sequence file)*

*Output*

*Rebuilt model  
Optimized map*

*Map and model ready  
for next steps*

*Docked predicted models*

*Useful as high-quality  
reference models*

# *Phenix tools for structure determination with AlphaFold*

*PredictModel (Predict with AlphaFold)*

*AlphaFold  
models*

*ProcessPredictedModel (Trim and identify domains)*

*ResolveCryoEM, LocalAnisoSharpen (map improvement)*

*EMPlacement, DockInMap (Docking of single, multiple chains)*

*Cryo-EM*

*DockAndRebuild (Morphing and rebuilding)*

*RealSpaceRefine (Refinement)*

*Phaser-MR (Molecular replacement)*

*AutoBuild (Density modification and rebuilding)*

*X-ray*

*Phenix.refine (Refinement)*

*PredictAndBuild (Prediction and structure determination)*

*Full  
automation*





# The Project



## Lawrence Berkeley Laboratory

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Oleg Sobolev,  
Christopher Schlicksup



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## UTHealth

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## Duke University

Jane Richardson, Vincent  
Chen, Michael Prisant,  
Christopher Williams,



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Program Project

Liebschner D, *et al.*, Macromolecular structure determination using X-rays, neutrons and electrons: recent developments in *Phenix*. *Acta Cryst.* 2019 **D75**:861–877